Annual financial report
ABN 96 134 906 933
30 June 2021

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# **Directors' report**

#### For the year ended 30 June 2021

The directors present their report together with the financial statements prepared as a General Purpose financial report - Reduced Disclosure Regime (RDR) on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'Group') consisting of STREAT Limited and its controlled entity for the year ended 30 June 2021 and the auditor's report thereon.

The registered office of the Group is 66 Cromwell, Street, Collingwood.

#### 1. Operating and Financial Review

#### **Commentary on Operating Results**

The Group posted a net profit of \$755,908 for the year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: \$1,142,910 \*restated. see note 24). The financial results were substantially impacted by the ongoing impacts of COVID-19.

Grants and donations activities continued to provide important support for the Group recording \$2,013,989 in 2021 (2020: \$2,337,762 •restated, see note 24) which assisted in sustaining the Group's financial results. Employee benefits expense of \$3,698,902 (2020: \$4,377,419) was reduced substantially due to the cafe closures in periods of lockdown, with a similar substantial decrease in trading revenue resulting in \$2,513,868 being recorded in 2021(2020: \$4,587,304). The Group's overall decrease in financial results from trading was offset by JobKeeper payments of \$1,335,600 (2020: \$495,000).

#### **Review of Operations**

The accompanying Financial Report forms part of the review of operations. During the year, the Group continued to engage in its principal activities; the results of which are disclosed in the Financial Report. The Group continued to hold Deductible Gift Recipient (DGR) status throughout the year and operates under the name of STREAT Limited.

#### Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes to the operations of the Group during the financial year under review. There were however internal operational changes in order to manage government regulations around COVID-19.

# 2. Directors

The directors of the Group at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Niamh Hussey (Chair from 23 June 2021)

Rebecca Scott Kate Barrelle Jacob Spencer

Fiona Sharkie Appointed 18 October 2021
Elinor Colaso Appointed 18 October 2021
Div Pillay Resigned 4 October 2021
Jane Burns (Chair) Resigned 23 June 2021
Colin Duthie Resigned 24 August 2020

The directors have been in the office since the start of the year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Verity White Company Secretary (resigned January 2021 and the position is

currently vacant).

# **Directors' report (continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2021

#### 2. Directors (continued)

Niamh Hussey Board Chair (from 23 June 2021)

Qualifications Bachelor of Business, Qualified Chartered Accountant

Experience Partner at Price Waterhouse Coopers.

Rebecca Scott

Director, Member of Finance & Audit Committee, Co-founder

Qualifications Master of International and Community Development, Graduate

Diploma Science Communication, Bachelor of Science

Experience CEO of STREAT Ltd. Previously Vice President of KOTO, a street

youth social enterprise in Hanoi. A decade of management positions

at the CSIRO.

Kate Barrelle

Director, Co-founder

Qualifications

Bachelor of Commerce, Bachelor of Science (Honours Psychology),

Master of Clinical Psychology, PhD (Political Science)

Experience

A decade working in community mental health and private practice as a Clinical and Forensic Psychologist. six years working with the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade. Kate has a PhD on terrorism and radicalisation process and currently consults to agencies and programs on this subject. She has 20+ years working with marginalised young people, behaviour change, building models

and frameworks as well as impact measurement.

**Jacob Spencer** 

Director, Chair of the Finance & Audit Committee

Qualifications Associate Diploma Business

Experience 15 years in executive roles at renowned food retail brands

(McDonalds, Pret A Manger, Salsa, Boost Juice). He currently owns

and runs Mobile Skips.

Fiona Sharkie

Director (appointed 18 October 2021)

Qualifications

Graduate Certificate in Social Impact, Swinburne University of Technology, Bachelor of Business (Marketing) with Distinction, Group

Directors Course for Not For Profit Organisations

Australian Institute of Group Directors

Experience

20 years experience on not for profit boards in international development and women's rights including 2 years as Chair (International Womens Development Agency) and 4 years as Deputy Chair (Plan International Australia). Experience includes developing strategy, changes to corporate structure, recruitment of skills based

board.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2021

#### 2. Directors (continued)

Elinor Colaso Director (appointed 18 October 2021)

Qualifications MSc International Business & Development (Birkbeck, University of

London). Admission to the Supreme Courts of Queensland and

Melbourne and the Federal Court of Australia Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws

Experience Deputy General Council, Head of Compliance Minter Ellison

Previously the Assistant General Counsel (Deputy Ethics & Compliance Officer) Capgemini Australia, and Acting Head of Legal &

Senior Legal Counsel Barclays Bank Retail Business

Colin Duthie Director (Resigned 24 August 2020)

Qualifications Maths (UTAS), Graduate of Australia Institute of Group Directors

Experience 18 years experience working with social purpose organisations

including World Vision Australia, Victoria Legal Aid, The PNG Sustainable Development Program. Previously the Managing Director of Ergo Consulting, a professional services firm. Various social purpose board memberships, including Chair of Donkey Wheel and

Ethical Property Commercial Ltd.

**Div Pillay** Director (Resigned 4<sup>th</sup> October 2021)

Qualifications Masters in Human Resource Management, Bachelor of Arts

(Organisational Psychology)

Experience CEO and Cofounder of MindTribes Pty Ltd. MindTribes works with

both Australian and Multinational corporates to improve business results by culturally- aligning staff to internal and external customers,

team members and stakeholders.

Jane Burns (Chair) Chair, Director (Resigned 23 June 2021)

Qualifications Professor of Innovation and Industry at the University of Sydney in

the Faculty of Health Science, PhD in Medicine, Australian Institute of

Company Directors

Experience CEO of InnoWell and Professor of Innovation and Industry at the

University of Sydney in the Faculty of Health Science. Previously the founder and CEO of the Young and Well Cooperative Research

Centre.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2021

#### 2,. Directors (continued)

#### **Meetings of directors**

Directors	Directors' meetings		Directors' meetings			& Audit meetings
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended		
Jane Burns (Chair resigned 23 June 2021)	6	6				
Rebecca Scott	6	6	6	6		
Kate Barrelle	6	6				
Jacob Spencer	6	5	6	6		
Colin Duthie	2	2	<b>!</b>			
Niamh Hussey (Chair from 23 June2021)	6	6	6	5		
Div Pillay Fiona Sharkie	6	6				
Elinor Colaso						

The Company is incorporated under the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and is a company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the Constitution states that each member is required to contribute to a maximum of \$100 each towards meeting any outstanding and obligations of the Company. At 30 June 2021 the number of members was 8. The combined total amount that members of the Company are liable to contribute if the Company is wound up is \$800.

# 3. Principal activities

The principal activity of the Group during the financial year was to operate a sustainable business model that maximises its social footprint, minimises its environmental footprint, whilst being financially sustainable across all of its operations.

# 4. Environmental Regulation

The Group is not subject to any significant environmental regulation in respect of its services provided. The directors are not aware of any significant breaches in environmental regulation during the period covered by this report.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2021

#### 5. Key performance indicators Performance

The Group provides a range of training and work-readiness programs for young people facing disadvantage and multiple barriers to work. Over the last year, the Group intensively supported 34 young people in programs of up to 12 months and provided almost 150 contacts to a wider cohort of similar young people. The Group's programs were severely interrupted by COVID-19 and on/off or suspended for more time than not in the year. This has more than halved the number of young people the Group would have otherwise supported.

- Engagement/Outreach 149 contacts with young people
- Tasters (half-day workshops for young people interested in our programs) - 7 young people
- Intro to Work 16
- Ready to work 13
- STREATS ahead- 5
- Employment at STREAT 0 young people

Concerning the most intensive program, Ready to Work, there was an 85% completion rate of the 20-week program. At the start of the program, none were in employment or training, whereas by the end, almost three quarters were working or studying. The trainees themselves rated the program at 86%.

The Group delivers a full program suite of training and work-readiness programs for young people facing disadvantage and multiple barriers to work:

#### **Engagement/Outreach**

Weekly outreach activities for young people in the community in conjunction with Collingwood Neighbourhood Justice Centre and Victoria Police.

Jobs Club was a new initiative that commenced this financial year. Jobs Club is a weekly drop-in program for young people aged 16-24 who would like assistance looking for work. In Jobs Club, trained youth workers and employment specialists assist young people with digital access and support with resumes, cover letters, job search, applications, and interview preparation.

#### **Tasters**

Tasters are interactive, half-day workshops for young people interested in the Group's Intro to Work or Paid to Work programs. The Group engages with potential paid to work candidates before they commit to a more extended program. Tasters are run on a semi-regular basis. These fun Taster workshops are for young people and their worker.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2021

#### 6. Key performance indicators (continued)

#### Intro to Work

Intro to Work is a flexible 8-week individually tailored program for people wanting to access hospitality or horticulture focused work experience as part of another course or program, or just give working a try before committing to a longer program. If the timing is such that Ready to Work is not immediately available, a young person may also benefit from the Intro to Work program.

Intro to Work offers 8 weeks of weekly work experience shifts in the Group's businesses (such as the production kitchen, a la carte kitchen, bakery, one of our cafes or on one of our many urban horticulture sites) as well as individual case management support.

#### Ready to Work

Ready to Work' is a 20-week fully supported group program that usually runs twice a year but only occurred once this year because of COVID-19. It includes an individualised needs assessment, on-the-job training and mentoring within the Group's portfolio of hospitality businesses, weekly group Work Readiness workshops, creative and social engagement, individual case support, and linkages to specialist service providers alongside accredited TAFE training (Certificate II in Hospitality).

#### Paid to Work

Paid to Work is a six-month employment program providing intensive post-placement support to suitable STREAT graduates employed by the Group's carefully chosen partner employers such as Fonda Mexican Restaurant, Nando'. RACV and the Group itself.

#### 7. Significant changes in the state of affairs

The COVID-19 pandemic has created enormous disruption to every part of the Group's youth programs and business operations. The Group has remained agile during this time and pivoted to undertake new activities in both areas of its operations. This includes creating new ways of creating social impact when the pandemic caused the rapid closure of our training cafes, and new ways of generating revenue by diversifying the Group's products and services and securing new customers.

#### 8. Likely developments

The Group will continue to trade in the same industry and in the same manner as It has done to date. The Group will continue to expand its horticultural activities to complement the existing hospitality training programs and further upskill candidates, providing more holistic training and ongoing pathways for young people.

Further information about likely developments in the operation of the Company and the expected results of those operations in future financial years has not been included in this report because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2021

#### 9. Short term and long term objectives and strategies

The Group has three impact areas of People, Planet and Performance. Its goals within these impact areas are:

PEOPLE:

To help young people live independently and reach their potential;

To nurture and grow our people and culture; and

Strongly engage others to become change-makers.

PLANET:

Create places where people feel a deep sense of belonging; and

Nurture the environment.

PERFORMANCE:

Operate a portfolio of impactful and profitable businesses;

Deliver high quality products that customers value;

Grow the Group's business opportunities;

Operate with strong governance, accountability and effectiveness; and

Enable systems change and innovate.

To achieve its objectives, the Group has adopted the following strategies:

Provide holistic support to ensure that the young people within the Group's care improve their wellbeing and have a healthy self, work and home.

Expand the support and training and employment pathways the Group can offer to young people.

The Group strives to attract and retain quality staff and volunteers who are committed to working with youth in need, and this is evidenced by strong staff retartion.

The Group believes that attracting and retaining quality staff and volunteers will assist with the success of the Group in both the short and long term.

The Group engages a wide range of stakeholders to support the Group's projects and initiatives. This includes raising awareness and understanding of the issues of environmental and social justice and the registered entity's work to address it. Further increase the Group's portfolio of hospitality businesses to reach the point of financial self-sufficiency.

Provide leadership within the social enterprise sector to help catalyse greater social and environmental change.

The Group is committed to continuous improvement and monitors, evaluates and transparently shares its \_progress and outcomes.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2021

# 10. Indemnification and insurance of Directors and Officers

The Group has not indemnified or made a relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability to any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Group.

During or since the end of the financial year, the Group received coverage of a premium under a contract insuring the directors, the company secretary and certain officers for liabilities incurred in those capacities. These premiums were received by the Group on a pro-bono basis.

Disclosures of the nature of the liability and the amount of premium in respect of the period cannot be disclosed under the contract.

#### 11. Related Party Transactions

The Directors of the Group do not receive any remuneration for the performance of their duties as Directors.

The senior executive officers have received a total of \$223,240 in remuneration for services performed for the Group (2020 \$240,000)

#### 12. Dividends

The constitution of STREAT Limited expressly prohibits the distribution of any surpluses or profits to Members of STREAT Limited or its controlled entities, accordingly no dividends have been paid or declared during the year.

#### 13. After balance date events

The COVID-19 pandemic continues to have an effect on the hospitality and corporate sectors throughout Victoria. Other than this, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

#### 14. Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's indeper	ence declaration under division 6 0 of the Australian Charities	and
Not-for-profits Commission Act	012 in relation to the audit for financial year is provided with	this
report and is set out in page 38	//	
Director:		
	Jacob Spencer	

Director:

Director:

Rebecca Scott

Dated this 6th day of December 2021

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# Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	2021	2020 Restated*
		\$	\$
Revenue			
Trade Revenue		2,513,868	4,587,304
Cost of Sales	4	(657,371)	(1,142,158)
Gross profit		1,856,497	3,445,146
Other revenue	5	3,534,664	3,092,707
Total gross profit and other revenue		5,391,161	6,537,853
Expenses			
Administration expenses	11	(4,140,377)	(4,877,131)
Occupancy expenses	11	(441,039)	(418,833)
Total expenses		(4,581,416)	(5,295,964)
Profit before finance costs		809,745	1,241,889
Finance income		402	655
Finance costs		(54,239)	(99,634)
Net finance costs	6	(53,837)	(98,979)
Profit before income tax		755,908	1,142,910
Income tax expense	1(s)		,
Profit after income tax		755,908	1,142,910
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Total comprehensive income for the year		755,908	1,142,910

<sup>•</sup> Refer to Note 24 for details of restatement

The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 15 to 36.

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# Consolidated statement of f1nanc1al position

# As at 30 June 2021

	Note	2021	2020 Restated*
	14016	\$	Kestateu *
Current Assets		Ψ	Ψ
Cash and cash equivalents	7	431,212	963,440
Receivables	8	192,242	282,179
Inventories	9	228,214	198,974
Other assets	10	87,203	56,346
Total current assets		938,871	1,500,939
Non-current Assets			
Intangible assets	12	40,597	40,597
Lease assets	14	624,192	177,202
Plant and equipment	13	3,500,855	3,640,462
Total non-current assets		4,165,644	3,858,261
Total Assets		5,104,515	5,359,200
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	75	(558,799)	(457,393)
Lease liabilities	14	(209,990)	(77,071)
Borrowings	16	(15,000)	(116,731)
Provisions	17	(292,511)	(269,491)
Contract liabilities	18	(372,945)	(267,579)
Total current liabilities		(1,449,245)	(1,188,265)
Non-current Liabilities			
Payables	15	(166,667)	(166,667)
Lease liabilities	14	(425,882)	(110,257)
Borrowings	16	(57,935)	(1,643,182)
Provisions	17	(25,364)	(27,315)
Total non-current liabilities		(675,848)	(1,947,421)
Total liabilities		(2,125,093)	(3,135,686)
Net assets		2,979,422	2,223,514
Equity			
Contributed equity	22		
Accumulated surplus	19	2,979,422	2,223,514
Total Equity		2,979,422	2,223,514
		·	

<sup>•</sup> Refer to Note 24 for details of restatement

The statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 15 to 36.

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# Consolidated statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 30 June 2021	Note		
	Contributed	Accumulated	Total
	Equity	Surplus	equity
		Restated*	Restated*
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2019		1,080,604	1,080,604
Profit for the year (restated)•		1,142,910	1,142,910
Total comprehensive income for the year (restated)		1,142,910	1,142,910
Balance as at 30 June 2020 (restated)		2,223,514	2,223,514
Balance as at 1 July 2020		2,223,514	2,223,514
Profit for the year		755,908	755,908
Total profit for the year		755,908	755,908
Total comprehensive income for the year		755,908	755,908
Balance at 30 June 2021		2,979,422	2,979,422

Refer to Note 24 for deta1ls of restatement

The statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 15 to 36.

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# Consolidated statement of cash flows

For the year ended 30 June 2021

			2020
	Note	2021	Restated*
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers		2,894,162	4,948,184
Payments to supplier and employees		(5,037,689)	(6,550,903)
Grants and donations		2,088,355	2,548,153
Interest received		402	655
Finance costs		(49,280)	(99,634)
JobKeeper receipts	5	1,335,600	330,000
Net cash from operating activities		1,231,550	1,176,455
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of plant and equipment and intangibles	_	(35,443)	(69,709)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(35,443)	(69,709)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of borrowings (non-principal)		(1,686,978)	(943,158)
Payment of lease liabilities		(36,398)	(71,844)
Payment of interest on lease liabilities		(4,959)	(5,839)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,728,335)	(1,020,841)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(532,228)	85,905
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		963,440	877,535
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	7	431,212	963,440

<sup>•</sup> Refer to Note 24 for details of restatement

The statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 15 to 36.

STREAT LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITY ABN: 96 134 906 933 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# Notes to the financial statements

#### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the opinion of the directors, STREAT Ltd ('the Company') is not publicly accountable. The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act* 2012 and Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements, Interpretations and other applicable authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The Financial report covers the Company and its Controlled Entity STREAT Enterprises Pty Ltd (together referred to as 'the Group"). STREAT Limited and its Controlled Entity is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The Group is a not-for-profit for the purpose of preparing the financial statements. The Group's registered office is 66 Cromwell Street, Collingwood VIC 3066.

The following are the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on 6 December 2021

# (a) Basis of preparation of the financial report

# Historical Cost Convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by revaluations to fair value for certain classes of assets and liabilities as described in the accounting policies.

#### Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial report require the use of certain estimates and judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies. Those estimates and judgements significant to the financial report are disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### COV/0-79

The operational reduction as a consequence of COVID-19 on hospitality and youth service operations and the broader econ9my have continued to impact the timing and level of the Group's profitability and the trading over the course of the financial year.

Whilst the impact of the pandemic on the Group has been substantial, the efforts of the entity to conserve cash and minimise expenses during the limited trading under the Government guidelines has meant that the entity has been able to achieve a small profit and continue to conserve its cash balances.

#### (b) Functional and Presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Group's functional currency.

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (c) Use of judgements and estimates

- Note 4 and 5 revenue recognition: whether revenue from grants and donations is a contract with a
  customer under AASB 15, and recognised over time or at a point in time, or whether the revenue is
  accounted for under AASB 1058 immediately as a contribution;
- Lease term: whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise extension options.

#### (d) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ended 30 June 2021 is included in the following notes:

• Note 12 - intangible assets - impairment test of intangible assets and goodwill: key assumptions underlying recoverable amounts, including VIU assumptions.

# (e) Going Concern basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal trading operations and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The statement of financial position reflects a deficiency in net current assets of \$510,374, exclusive of \$2,442,069 excess funds available on the redraw debt facility) (2020 - net current assets \$312,674) and a surplus in net assets of \$2,979,422 (2020 - \$2,223,414) as at 30 June 2021. The Group has also recorded a net operating surplus of \$755,908 (2020 - \$1,142,910) for the year ended 30 June 2021.

The Group operates primarily in the hospitality industry and has been heavily impacted by COVID-19 restrictions imposed on the industry, including significant periods of closure during the year ended 30 June 2021. This has resulted in a decline of trading revenue by \$2,073,436 from 30 June 2020 to 30 June 2021.

The Group has cash on hand at 30 June 2021 of \$431,212 (2020 - \$963,440). The current loan facility of the Group with a drawn amount of \$57,935 (2020 - \$1,643,182) expires on 13 April 2024. The maximum available facility limit under this facility is \$2,500,000 which provides \$2,442,065 of undrawn facility at 30 June 2021. The Group is forecasting its drawn debt to increase over the coming 12 months to meet its cash flow requirements consistent with its forecast deficit for the year ended 30 June 2022.

During the COVID-19 pandemic STREAT has successfully managed its cashflow and organisational security through employing a range of strategies, including:

- Continuing to trade wherever possible the Group kept the Cromwell, Parkville, and Alphington businesses open for take-away service throughout the major lockdowns.
- Reduction of operational costs wherever possible the Group reduced staff hours and redeployed them where possible across the business.
- Utilising government funds the Group qualified for the Commonwealth government's Jobkeeper program and received \$1,335,600 (2020 \$330,000) of grants under the program, and also applied for Victorian state government funds where eligible (for example the Working for Victoria fund).

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (e) Going concern basis of preparation (continued)

- Renegotiation of leases and loans the Group has successfully undertaken negotiations with landlords. The current loan facility is interest-only until April 2022 when it is expected trading will have returned to COVID-normal operations.
- Renegotiation of major existing grant funds to allow the Group to use the funds for other activities.
- Development of new projects to create social and environmental impact and then securing funders
  for this work for example, the Group has been successful in securing major new multi-year funding
  to develop new training and employment pathways into urban horticulture, post 30 June 2021. The
  Group has also kept our kitchens open to be cooking readymade meals as part of the pandemic food
  relief efforts and this work has been fully funded by either philanthropic grants or fee-for-service by
  the Victorian state government.
- Over the next 12 months the Group's intention is to re-open all STREAT sites and open new business sites, when COVID restrictions allow, to increase sales revenue, profitability and training opportunities for young people.

In the opinion of directors, the Group will be able to meet its financial obligations for the 12-month period from the date of the approval of the annual financial statements. In reaching this conclusion, the Directors have had regard to the following key factors:

- In November 2021 the COVID-19 restrictions on the hospitality industry have been eased by the Victorian Government and the Group's trading sites have started to reopen.
- As at 30 June 2021, the Group had a redraw debt facility with a \$2,500,000 limit which expires on 13 April 2024. As at 30 June 2021, the drawn amount of the facility was \$57,935 which provides \$2,442,065 of undrawn facility. There are no financial covenants under the facility agreement.
- The Group is forecasting positive ending cash balances including cash drawn from the redraw debt facility for each month ending in the 12 months subsequent to the date of this financial report. The Group had cash balances of \$2,249,291 and a drawn amount of the redraw debt facility of \$657,935 at 31 October 2021.

Accordingly, in the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to meet its debts as and when they become due and payable. On this basis, the Directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Given the Group's net current asset deficiency at 30 June 2021 (exclusive of \$2,442,069 excess funds available on the redraw debt facility), its forecast deficit for 30 June 2022, its ongoing dependency on the continued receipt of donations and grants (inclusive of amounts which have yet to be secured and are consequently inherently uncertain) and the undrawn available cash of its redraw debt facility to fund its cash flows in future periods, and the continued uncertainty surrounding COVID-19 restrictions on the hospitality industry, there is a material uncertainty whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern. In the event the Group is unable to continue as a going concern, it may be required to realise assets at an amount different to that recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position and settle liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business.

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (fl Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are those of the STREAT Limited and its controlled entity ('the Group'). comprising the financial statements of the parent entity and the entity the parent controls. The Group controls and entity where it has the power, for which the parent has exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and for which the parent has ability to use its power over the entity to affect the amount of its returns.

The financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent entity, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies which may exist

All intercompany balances and transactions, including any unrealised profits or losses have been eliminated in consolidation. The subsidiary is consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to STREAT Limited and are de-recognised from the date that control ceases. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

Equity interests in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Group are presented as non controlling interests. Non-controlling interests are initially recognised either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets. This decision is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the results of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (g) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised as, or when, goods are transferred to the customer, and is measured at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for goods. Revenue from contracts with customers relates to trading revenue from cafe sales and items cannot be returned once transfer of the goods has taken place and exchange of funds and the goods occurs instantaneously. Therefore, no refund liability is required. Invoices are usually payable within 14 days.

Invoices for catering services are invoiced at the point of time the seNice is provided and are usually payable within 14 days. Where deposits are taken for catering services, the revenue is held as a liability until the seNice has been provided and the revenue recognised once the service has been provided.

All revenue is measured net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

#### (h) Grant and donations revenue

Grants are recognised when the related performance obligations are satisfied, provided there is an agreement which creates enforceable rights and obligations between the parties and includes sufficiently specific performance obligations for the Group to determine when the obligations are satisfied. When the arrangement does not meet this criteria grants are recognised upon receipt of the funds by the Group.

For contracts that contain a right to return of funds, revenue is recognised to the extent that the obligations of the contract have been met and there is no longer any right to return funds. In these circumstances, a contract liability is recognised. The contract liability is included in note 18. The Group reviews the contract liability at each reporting date and updates the amount of the liability accordingly.

Revenue from donations are recognised upon receipt of the donated funds by the Group.

#### (i) Other income

Other revenue is recognised when the right to receive the revenue has been established. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and seNices tax (GST).

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# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (j) Finance income and costs

Finance income comprises interest income. Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings and lease liabilities. Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

#### (k) Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identifiable or separately recognized. Goodwill is initially recognised at an amount equal to the excess of: (a) the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non controlling interest, and the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer previously held equity interest (in case of step acquisition); over (b) the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. For accounting purposes, such measurement is treated as the cost of goodwill at that date.

Goodwill is not amortised, but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

#### Intangible assets

Except for indefinite useful life intangible assets, which are not amortised but are tested annually for impairment, intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives commencing from the time asset is available for use. The amortisation method applied to an intangible asset is consistent with the estimated consumption of economic benefits of the asset.

#### (I) Plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment los\_ses

#### Subsequent expenditure and disposal

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group. Any gain and loss on disposal of an item of plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

# Depreciation

Land is not depreciated. The depreciable amount of all other property, plant and equipment is depreciated over their estimated useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held available for use, consistent with the estimated consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (I) Plant and equipment (continued)

Class of fixed asset	Depreciation rates	Depreciation basis
Motor vehicles and office equipment	10.00%	Diminishing value
Furniture, fixtures and fittings	10.00%	Diminishing value
Leasehold improvements at cost	2.50%	Diminishing value
Computer equipment at cost	20-40%	Diminishing value
Hospitality equipment at cost	5-15%	Diminishing value

#### (m) Leases

At inception of a contract. the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### As a lessee

At the commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of property the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (m) Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (continued)

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date:
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, it the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised insubstance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss it the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings" in the statement of financial position.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases, including IT equipment. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# COVID-19 related rent concessions

The Group has elected to apply the practical expedient (as Permitted by Australian Accounting Standards) not to assess whether rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications, and to account for any changes in lease payments resulting from the rent concessions as it the changes were not lease modifications. Any gains arising from COVID-19 related rent concessions are recognised in profit or loss.

The practical expedient only-applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all the following conditions are met

- (a) the changes in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- (c) there is no substantive changes to other terms and conditions of the lease.

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (n) Financial Instruments

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial asset and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Group commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted.)

Financial instruments are initially measured fair value adjusted for transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified as fair value through profit or loss, in which case transaction costs are immediately recognised as expenses in profit or loss. A trade receivable without a-significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

Financial assets - Subsequent measurement and gains and iosses.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

# Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised in i,ts statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognised. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities classified as held-for-trading, contingent consideration payable by the Group for the acquisition of a business, and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPU, are subsequently measured at fair value.

All other financial liabilities recognised by the Group are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

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#### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (n) Financial Instruments (continued)

On derecognition of a financial liability, the differences between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables arise from the Group's transactions with its customers and are normally settled within 14 days.

Consistent with both the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the assets, trade and other receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### (o) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on weighted average, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

# (pl Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

Financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for ECLs on financial assets measured at amortised cost. Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

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# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (p) Impairment (continued)

Non-derivative financial assets

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

#### Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following obseNable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Presentation of allowance for ECL in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognised in OCI.

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (p) Impairment (continued)

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For individual customers, the Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 180 days past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

#### Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested annually for impairment. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together in the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

# (q) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and purchased assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the consolidated statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

#### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (q) Goods and services tax (GST) continued

Cash flows are presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cashflows.

# (r) Employee benefits

#### (!) Short-term employee benefit obligations

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and other employee benefits (other than termination benefits) expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. The expected cost of short-term employee benefits in the form of compensated absences such as annual leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### (ii) Long-term employee benefit obligations

The provision for other long term employee benefits, including obligations for long service leave and annual leave, which are not expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period, are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of the seNices provided by the employees up to the reporting date. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of seNice and employee turnover, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on Australian corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the change occurs.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations are presented as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position if the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur. All other long-term employee benefit obligations are presented as non-current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### (s) Income tax

No provision for income has been raised for STREAT Limited as the parent entity is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

The subsidiary STREAT Enterprise Pty Ltd is a taxable entity and has a current tax liability and income tax expense of \$nil as 30 June 2021 (2020: \$nil).

Current income tax expense or revenue is the tax payable on the current periods taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the applicable tax rates when the assets are exoected to be recovered or liabilities are settled.

# NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (t) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that and outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

#### (u) New and revised accounting standards effective at 30 June 2021

The Group has initially adopted AASB 2020-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions and AASB 2020-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions: Tier 2 Disclosures. These provide practical relief for lessees in accounting for eligible rent concessions that are a direct consequence of COVID-19. A number of new standards are applicable for the Group's next financial year, effective 1 July 2021, but are not expected to have a significant effect on the Group.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

#### (a) Impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to a cash generating unit or units (CGU's) according to management's expectations regarding which assets will be expected to benefit from the synergies arising from the business combination that gave rise to the goodwill. The recoverable amount of a CGU is based on the value in use calculations. These calculations are based on projected cash flows approved by management covering a minimum period of 1 year (maximum of five years). Management's determination of cash flow projections and gross margins are based on past performance and its expectation for the future.

#### (b) Income tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are based on the assumption that no adverse change would occur in the income tax legislation and the anticipation that the group will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences as management considers that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilise those temporary differences.

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#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

3. PARENT ENTITY DETAILS	2021	2020 Restated •
Summar,sed presentatr0n of tht;:1 parent entity, STREAT Limited, fou1oc1al stareme,,rs	\$	\$
(a) Summarised consolidated statement of financial position ASSETS		
Current assets	938,871	1,500,939
Non-current assets	4,165,644	3,858,261
Total assets	5.104,515	5,359,200
LIABILITIES		
Current liabil1t1es	[1,449.245)	(1,188,265)
Non-current habilit1es	(675,848)	(1,947,421)
Total liabil1t1es	12.125,093)	(3,135,686)
Net assets	2,979,422	2,223,514
EQUITY		
Accumulated surplus	2,979,422	2,223,514
Total equity	2,979,422	2,223,514
(bl Summarised consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	755,908	1,142,910
Total comprehensive income for the year	755,908	1,142,910

# (c) Parent entity guarantees

STREAT L1m1ted has not entered into any guarantees, in the current or previous financial year, in relation to the debts of its subsidiary.

#### (d) Parent entity other payables

At 30 June 2021 STREAT Um1ted has a hab11ity payable in relation to a loan provided In respect of the acqu1sit1on of 50% of the shares In STREAT Enterprises Pty Ltd. as outlined in Note 13.

# (e) Parent entity contractual commitments

At 30 June 202t STREAT L1m1ted has contractual commitments for operated leases which have been disclosed in Note 14 as lease liab1ht1es.

4. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Sale of goods	2,513,868	4,587,304
	2,513,868	4,587,304
		2020
5. OTHER REVENUE	2021	Restated •
	\$	\$
Donated assets		80,000
Donations and grants	2,013,989	2,337.762
Other revenue	185.075	179,945
Jobkeeper revenue	1,335,600	495,000
	3,534,664	3,092.707
6. NET FINANCE COSTS	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Interest income	402	655
Finance income	402	655
Interest expense	(54,239)	(99,634)
Net finance costs	(53,837)	(98,979)

<sup>-</sup> Rotor to Note 24  $f_0$ , dota is of <estcHement

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# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Cash on hand         3,017 bits         3,116 bits         3,017 bits         3,116 bits         3,017 bits         3,020 bits         3,020 bits         3,020 bits         3,02	7.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash and cash equivalents to the statement of cash flows         431,212         963,440           STREAT Limited have access to an overdraft facility, with a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets, undertakings and unpaid uncalled capital of the Registered Entity, with a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets, undertakings and unpaid uncalled capital of the Registered Entity, with a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets, undertakings and unpaid uncalled capital of the Registered Entity, with a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets, undertakings and unpaid uncalled capital of the Registered Entity, with a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets, undertakings and unpaid to the Registered Entity, with a fixed plant of the Registered E			3,017	3,316
Rapital of the Registered Entity, made available to the Registered Entity by the Westpac Banking Corporation         The facility limit is \$90,000.           8. RECEIVABLES         2021         2020           Current         \$         \$           Receivables from contracts with customers         192,242         117,179           Other receivables         192,242         282,179           The provision for doubtful debts on trade receivables was nill 12020: nill           9. INVENTORIES         2021         2020           8. At cost         2021         29. 198,974           Inventory         228,214         198,974           In 2021. inventories of \$657,371 12020. \$1,142,158) were recognised as an expense during the period and included 1n cost of sales           10. OTHER ASSETS         2021         2020           Prepayments         67,477         36,735           Other current assets         19,611         87,203         56,346           11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES         2021         2020           Employee benefits expense         136,789,0021         14,377,1191           Communicationsand marketing expenses         112,5111         (33,500)           Other administration expenses         137,2199         144,1342				
Current         \$         \$           Receivables from contracts with customers         192,42         117,179           Other receivables         192,242         117,179           The provision for doubtful debts on trade receivables was nil 12020: nill          192,242         282,179           At cost Inventory         2021         2020         \$           Inventory         228,214         198,974           278,711         228,214         198,974           10. OTHER ASSETS         2021         2020           Prepayments         67,477         36,735           Other current assets         19,726         19,611           11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES         \$         \$           Employee benefits expense         13,698,9021         14,477,4191           Consultancy fees         156,7651         124,870           Other administration expenses         1372,199         1441,342           Total administration expenses         1372,199         1441,342           Depreciation and amortisation expenses         153,471         161,223           Utilities expense         153,481         162,233           Utilities expense         153,481         162,233           Lo				id/uncalled
Receivables from contracts with customers   192,242   117,179   165,000	8.	RECEIVABLES	2021	2020
Other receivables         165,000 192,242         165,000 192,242         165,000 282,179           The provision for doubtful debts on trade receivables was nil 12020: nill            2021         2020         \$           \$	Curre	ent	\$	\$
The provision for doubtful debts on trade receivables was nil 12020: nill  9. INVENTORIES 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$  Ar cost Inventory  Inventory  In 2021. inventories of \$657,371 12020. \$1,142,158) were recognised as an expense during the period and included 1n cost of sales  10. OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$  Prepayments \$ 67,477 36,735 Other current assets  11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$  Employee benefits expense 13.688,9021 14,377,4191 Consultancy fees 135,477 Total administration expenses 112,5111 (33,500) Other administration expenses 1273,4281 1275,0751 Depreciation and amortisation expense 1273,4281 1275,0751 Repairs and maintenance expense 155,4171 161,223 Loss on Iheft of motor vehicle 148,2581			192,242	
9. INVENTORIES       2021       2020         At cost Inventory       228,214       196,974         In 2021. inventories of \$657,371 12020. \$1,142,158) were recognised as an expense during the period and included 1π cistor sales         10. OTHER ASSETS       2021       2020         Prepayments       67,477       36,735         Other current assets       19,726       19,611         11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES       2021       2020         Employee benefits expense       13,698,9021       14,377,4191         Consultancy fees       156,7651       124,870         Other adm1n1stration expenses       112,5111       (33,500)         Other adm1n1stration expenses       (4,140,377)       14,477,131         Depreciation and amortisation expense       1273,4281       1275,0751         Repairs and maintenance expense       165,9361       162,230         Utilities expense       165,9361       162,230         Utilities expense       165,9361       182,535         Loss on theft of motor vehicle       44,40,371       161,2230	Other	Todayanea	192,242	
Name	The p	rovision for doubtful debts on trade receivables was nil 12020: nill		
Numeratory   198,974   1	9.	INVENTORIES		
10. OTHER ASSETS   2021   2020   20				
10. OTHER ASSETS       2021       2020         \$       \$       \$         \$ Prepayments       67,477       36,346         11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES       2021       2020         \$ \$         Employee benefits expense       13,698,9021       14,377,4191         Consultancy fees       156,7651       124,870)         Communicationsand marketing expenses       112,5111       (33,500)         Other adm1n1stration expenses       1372,199       1441,3421         Total administration expenses       (4,140,3771       14,877,1311         Depreciation and amortisation expense       153,4171       161,223)         Utilities expense       165,9361       182,535)         Loss on !heft of motor vehicle       (48,828)	invent	oty		
10. OTHER ASSETS       2021       2020         \$       \$       \$         \$ Prepayments       67,477       36,346         11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES       2021       2020         \$ \$         Employee benefits expense       13,698,9021       14,377,4191         Consultancy fees       156,7651       124,870)         Communicationsand marketing expenses       112,5111       (33,500)         Other adm1n1stration expenses       1372,199       1441,3421         Total administration expenses       (4,140,3771       14,877,1311         Depreciation and amortisation expense       153,4171       161,223)         Utilities expense       165,9361       182,535)         Loss on !heft of motor vehicle       (48,828)		M :		
Prepayments	IN 202	11. Inventories of \$657,37112020. \$1,142,158) were recognised as an expense during the period and included	Th cost of sales	
Prepayments         67,477         36,735           Other current assets         19,726         19,611           87,203         56,346           11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES         2021         2020           Employee benefits expense         13,698,9021         14,377,4191           Consultancy fees         156,7651         124,870)           Communicationsand marketing expenses         112,5111         (33,500)           Other adm1n1stration expenses         1372,199         1441,3421           Total administration expenses         (4,140,3771         14,877,1311           Depreciation and amortisation expense         1273,4281         1275,0751           Repairs and maintenance expense         165,9361         182,535)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         (48,828)         (48,828)	10.	OTHER ASSETS	2021	2020
Other current assets         19,726 87,203         19,611 56,346           11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES         2021         2020 \$           Employee benefits expense         13,698,9021         14,377,4191           Consultancy fees         156,7651         124,870)           Communicationsand marketing expenses         112,5111         (33,500)           Other adm1n1stration expenses         1372,199         1441,3421           Total administration expenses         (4,140,3771         14,877,1311           Depreciation and amortisation expense         1273,4281         1275,0751           Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581			*	*
11. ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES   2021   2020   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		•		
S   S   S   S   S   Employee benefits expense   13,698,9021   14,377,4191   124,870	Other	ountil doods		
Employee benefits expense         13,698,9021         14,377,4191           Consultancy fees         156,7651         124,870)           Communicationsand marketing expenses         112,5111         (33,500)           Other adm1n1stration expenses         1372,199)         1441,3421           Total administration expenses         (4,140,377)         14,877,1311           Depreciation and amortisation expense         1273,4281         1275,0751           Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581         (48,838)	11.	ADMINISTRATION AND OCCUPANCY EXPENSES	2021	2020
Consultancy fees         156,7651         124,870)           Communications and marketing expenses         112,5111         (33,500)           Other adm1n1stration expenses         1372,199)         1441,3421           Total administration expenses         (4,140,3771         14,877,1311           Depreciation and amortisation expense         1273,4281         1275,0751           Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2881				*
Communications and marketing expenses         112,5111         (33,500)           Other adm1n1strat1on expenses         1372,199)         1441,3421           Total administration expenses         (4,140,3771)         14,877,1311           Depreciation and amortisation expense         1273,4281         1275,0751           Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581	-			
Other adm1n1strat1on expenses         1372,199)         1441,3421           Total administration expenses         (4,140,3771)         14,877,1311           Depreciation and amortisation expense         1273,4281         1275,0751           Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581         (448,283)		·	,	. ,
Total administration expenses         (4,140,3771         14,877,1311           Depreciation and amortisation expense         1273,4281         1275,0751           Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581         (44,832)				
Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581         (448,828)		•		
Repairs and maintenance expense         153,4171         161,223)           Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581         (448,828)	Denro	eciation and amortisation expense	1273 <u>4</u> 281	1275 0751
Utilities expense         165,9361         182,535)           Loss on !heft of motor vehicle         148,2581				
Loss on !heft of motor vehicle 148,2581		•		
Total occupancy expenses (441.039) (418.833)		•		,
	Total	occupancy expenses	<u>(441.039</u> )	<u>(418.833</u> )

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# 12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Goodwill at cos
Cost	]
Balance at 1 July 2019	40,597
Additions	
Disposals	
Balance at 30 June 2020	qu.o.
Balance at 1 July 2020	40,597
Additions	
Disposals	
Balance at 31 December 2020	40,01:1/
Amortisation	
Balance at 1 July 2019	
Amort1sat1on charge for the year	
Disposals	
Balance at 30 June 2020	
Balance at 1 July 2020	
Amortisation charge for the year Disposals	
Balance at 30 June 2021	
Carrying amounts	
At 1 July 2019	40,597
At 30 June 2020	4U.OI:I/
At 1 July 2020	40.597
At 30 June 2021	40,0,

# STREAT LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITY ABN: 96 134 906 933 Annual financial report FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# 13. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold Improvements \$	Motor Vehicles	Office equipment \$	Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings	Computer equipment \$	Hospitality equipment	Total Plant & Equipmen
Cost						1	
Balance at 1 July 2019 Additions Disposals	2,738,958	118,140 4,000	16,959 1,149	231,061 93,677	86,025 20,122	1,115,352 30,761	4,306,495 149,709
Balance at 30 June 2020	2738 958	122 140	18 108	324 738	106 147	1 146 113	4 456 204
Balance at 1 July 2020	2,738,958	122,140	18,108	324,738	106,147	1,146,113	4,456,204
Additions	2,926	62,527 (58,900)			26,500 (10,970)	6,017	97,970 (69,870
Disposals Balance at 30 June 2021	2,741,884	125,767	18,108	324 738	121 677	1,152,130	4,484 304
Depreciation							
Balance at 1 July 2019 Depreciation charge for the year Disposals	182,859 63,903	20,536 9,925	9,439 849	43,943 27,266	50,153 16,256	309,870 80,743	616,800 198,942
Balance at 30 June 2020	246,762	30,461	10,288	71 209	66,409	390,613	815,742
Balance at 1 July 2020 Depreciation charge for the year Disposals	246,762 62,305	30,461 7,990 (10,642)	10,288 782	71,209 25,501	66,409 15,105 (8,577)	390,613 75,243	815,742 186,926 (19,219)
Balance at 30 June 2021	30.9,06 7	2•7,.809	9 1107-0	9,671	,.0.,, 7.2,,9.,37.	465,856-	98-3,449
Carrying amounts	2,556,099	97,604	7,520	187,118	35,872	805,482	3,689,695
At 1 July 2019 At 30 June 2020	2 492 196	91 679	7 820	253 529	39 738	755 500	3 640 462
At 1 July 2020	2,492,196	91,679	7,820	253,529	39,738	755,500	3,640,462
At 30 June 2021	2,432,817	97 958	7 038	228,028	48,740	686,274	3,500,855

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# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# 14. LEASE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

# (a) Reconciliation of the carrying amount of lease assets at the beginning and end of the financial year:

· ·	plant & uipment \$	Office equipment \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2019			
	49,783	3,552	253,335
	74,357)	(1,776)	(76,133)
Balance at 30 June 2020	75,426	1,776	177,202
Balance at 1 July 2020	75,426	1,776	177,202
	33,492	,,,,,	533,492
Disposals during the year			,
Depreciation charge for the year (8	34,726)	(1,776)	(86,502)
Balance at 30 June 2021 62	24,192		624,192
(b) Lease Liabilities		2021	20,20
(a) Louis Liabilities		\$	\$
CURRENT		Ψ	<b>V</b>
Land and buildings		(209,990)	(75,264)
Off.ice equipment		, , ,	(1,807)
		(209,990)	(77,071)
		0001	0000
		2021 \$	2020
NON-CURRENT		Ψ	Ψ
Land and buildings		(425,882)	(11_0,257)
Office equipment		(,,	(**==,==*/
	_	(425,882)	(110,257)
Total carrying amount of lease liabilities	_	(635,872)	(187,328)
(c) Lease expenses and cashflows		2221	2000
		<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
		Ą	Ÿ
Interest expense on lease liabilities		4,959	5,839
Gains recognised in profit or loss to reflect changes in lease payments arising from rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic		(53.509)	(5.408)
Depreciation expense on lease assets		86,502	76,133
Cash outflow in relation to leases		36,398	71,844

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# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# 15. PAYABLES

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Current	φ	φ
Unsecured liabilities		
Trade creditors	(104,526)	(43,104)
Sundry creditors and accruals	(454,273)	(414,289)
	(558.799)	(457.393)
New Owners		
Non Current	(100.007)	(400.007)
Other payables	(166,667)	(166,667)
16. BORROWINGS	2021	2020
	\$	2020 \$
Current	φ	Ψ
Unsecured liabilities		
Chattel mortgages		(29,913)
Secured liabilities		
Other loan	(15,000)	(86,818)
	(15,000)	(116,731)
Non Current		
Unsecured liabilities		
Bank loans	(57,935)	(1,643,182)
	(57,935)	(1,643,182)

The Registered Entity maintains the following lines of credit:

\$2.5m that is unsecured and can be drawn down to meet short-term financing needs. Interest would be payable BBSY plus a business loan margin of 0.5% p.a. The facility expires in April 2024.

17. PROVISIONS	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Current		
Short term employee benefits	(292,511)	(269,491)
	(292,511)	(269 491)
Non Current		
Liability for long-service leave	(25,364)	(27,315)
	(25,364)	(27 315)

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Notes to the financial s atements (continued)

#### 18. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	<b>2021</b> \$	2020 Restated*
Current		
Deterred income	(15,666)	(25,801)
Grants received in advance	(357,279)	(241,778)
_	(372,945)	(267,579)
19. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		
		2020
	2021	Restated*
	\$	\$
Accumulated surplus at beginning of year	2,223,514	1,080,604
Profit for the year	755,908	1,142,910
	2,979,422	2,223,514
20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS		
	2021	2020
Compensation received by key management personnel of the Group:		
Total compensation	223,240	240,000
<u> </u>	223,240	240,000

#### 21. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING PERIOD

The COVID-19 pandemic continues to have an effect on the hospitality and corporate sectors throughout Victoria. Other than this, there has been no other matter or circumstance, which has arisen since 30 June 2021 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

(a) the operations, in financial year subsequent to 30 June 2021, of the Group, or

(bl the results of those operations, or

(cl the state of affairs, In financial years subsequent to 30 June 2021, of the Group.

#### 22. MEMBERS' GUARANTEE

The Registered Entity is incorporated under the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the Constitution states that each member is required to contribute to a maximum of \$100 each towards meeting any outstandings and obligations of the Company. At 30 June 2021 the number of members was 8. The combined total amount that members of the Company are liable to contribute if the Company is wound up is \$800.

#### 23. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Directors are not aware of any material contingent liabilities and assets as at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

Refer to Note 24 for details of restatement

ABN: 96 134 906 933 Annual financial report

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### 24. RESTATEMENT OF COMPARATIVE BALANCES

During the 30 June 2021 audit, the following errors were discovered in the 30 June 2020 financial statements:

al amounts recognised as a contract liability at 30 June 2020 were incorrectly deferred as the underlying grants met the revenue recognition criteria for immediate recognition;

bl grants and donations incorrectly formed part of financing cash flows. As a correction of the error, grants and donations are now included as a separate line item in operating cash flows; and

cl payments of lease liabilities and payments of interest on lease liabilities were incorrectly included in payments to suppliers and employees within operating cash flows. As a correction of these errors, these payments are now presented within cash flovys used in financing activities.

The errors have been corrected by restating each of the affected financial statement line items for prior periods. The following table summarises the impacts on the Group's consolidated financial statements:

	Impact of correction of error			
30 June 2020	As previously reported	Adjustments \$	As restated	
i. Consolidated statement of financial position				
Contract liabilities	(395,882)	128,303	(267,579)	
Total current liabilities	(1,316,5681	128.303	(1,188,265)	
Total liabilities	(3,263,989)	128,303	(3,135,686)	
Net assets	2,095,211	128,303	2,223,514	
Accumulated surplus	2,095,211	128,303	2,223,514	
Total equity	2,095,211	128,303	2,223,514	
ii. Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehe     Other revenue     Total gross profit and other revenue	2,964,404 6,409,550	128,303 128,303	3,092,707 6,537,853	
Profit before finance costs	1,113,586	128,303	1,241,889	
Profit before income tax	1,014,607	128,303	1,142,910	
Profit after income tax	1,014,607	128,303	1,142,910	
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,014,607	128,303	1,142,910	
iii.Consolidated statement of cash flows				
Payments to supplier and employees	(6,628,586)	77,683	(6,550,903)	
Grants and donations		2,548,153	2,548,153	
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	<u>(1</u> ,449,381)	2,625,836	1,176,455	
Grants and donations Payment of lease liabilities Payment of interest on lease liabilities	2,548.153	(2,548.153) (71,844) (5,839)	(71,844) (5,839)	
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	1,604,995	(2,625,836)	(1,020,841)	

# STREAT LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITY ABN: 96 134 906 933

#### **Directors' declaration**

In the opinion of the directors of STREAT Limited and its controlled entity:

- (a) the Company is not publicly accountable;
- (b) the consolidated financial statements and notes, set out on pages 11 to 36, are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including;
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Group's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013; and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

Dated at Melbourne this 6th day of December 2021.

Jacob Spencer Director



# Auditor's Independence Declaration under subdivision 60-C section 60-40 of Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012

To: the directors of STREAT Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

KPMG

Kate Rowswell

*Partner* Melbourne

6 December 2021

K. Dorfaeld



# Independent Auditor's Report

#### To the directors of STREAT Limited

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the *Financial Report*, of the STREAT Limited and its controlled entity (the Group).

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of the Group is in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Notfor-profits Commission (ACNC) Act 2012*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

The Financial Report comprises:

- i. Consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021.
- ii. Consolidated statement of surplus or deficit and other comprehensive income, Consolidated statement of changes in equity, and Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended.
- iii. Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- iv. Directors' declaration of the Company.

The Group consists of the Company and the entities it controlled at the year-end or from time to time during the financial year.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ACNC Act 2012 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

# Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1(e), "Going concern basis of preparation" in the Financial Report. The conditions disclosed in Note 1(e), indicate a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, whether the Group will realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, and at the amounts stated in the Financial Report. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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#### Emphasis of matter - restatement of comparative balances

We draw your attention to Note 24 which describes the correction of an error in the previously issued financial report. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter. The financial report of STREAT Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2020 was audited by another auditor who issued an unmodified opinion on that financial report on 16 December 2020.

#### Other information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in STREAT Limited's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Directors' Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information and based on the work, we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

# Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for:

- i. Preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosures Requirements and the ACNC.
- ii. Implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- iii. Assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- i. to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii. to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this Financial Report.



As part of an audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- i. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the Audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the registered Group's internal control.
- iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the registered Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the Financial Report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the registered Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- v. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Report, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors of the registered Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**KPMG** 

KPMG

Kate Rowswell

K. Dorfaell

Partner

Melbourne

6 December 2021